Gastric neuroendocrine tumors display deep invasive features, with amorphous pit and irregular vascular pattern, using narrow-band imaging and magnification

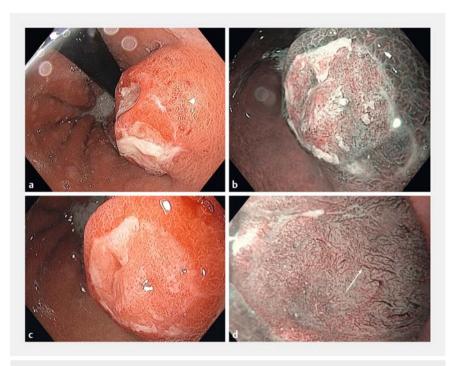
To the best of our knowledge, gastric neuroendocrine tumors are rare, usually diagnosed with endoscopic ultrasound [1], and their endoscopic aspect has rarely been described in the literature [2].

We present the case of a 71-year-old man who was referred for endoscopic submucosal dissection (ESD) of a gastric neuroendocrine tumor, 2 cm in size and without secondary lesions. The patient had previously been diagnosed with Biermer disease with gastric atrophy, and refused surgery for the tumor.

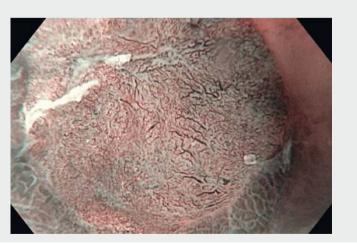
Gastroscopy showed a 2-cm nodular submucosal lesion, with ulceration to the top and lateral aspect, in the anterior part of the fundus (▶ Fig. 1 a, c). Within the ulcerated zone, a clearly demarcated area appeared. Initially, this area was covered with a thick mucus cap, which was easily washed using a peristaltic pump.

Narrow-band imaging with dual focus magnification showed absence of pit pattern and presence of large amorphous areas, as described by Kudo as a Vn pit pattern [3]. The vascular pattern was composed of high-density straight and "spark-like" capillary vessels, without any avascular areas. This vascular pattern was clearly irregular, as described by Sano's classification as a type 3a pattern (**> Fig. 1 b, d**) [4].

We performed ESD with large safety margins, without any adverse events (> Video 1). Pathological examination (> Fig. 2) showed a 5.5-cm specimen containing a nodular lesion of 2.7 cm, with safe margins. A grade 1 neuroendocrine tumor was diagnosed. The multidisciplinary team considered the resection to be curative; only follow-up with computed tomography scan to assess for lymph node involvement was indicated.



▶ Fig. 1 Endoscopic aspect of gastric neuroendocrine tumor. a Submucosal nodular aspect with two ulcerations. b Narrow-band imaging (NBI) aspect before removing the mucus cap. c White-light aspect after removing the cap, revealing red vessels. d NBI aspect with amorphous mucosal pattern and irregular "spark-like" capillary vessels (arrow).





Video 1 Endoscopic aspect and endoscopic submucosal dissection of a grade 1 gastric neuroendocrine tumor.

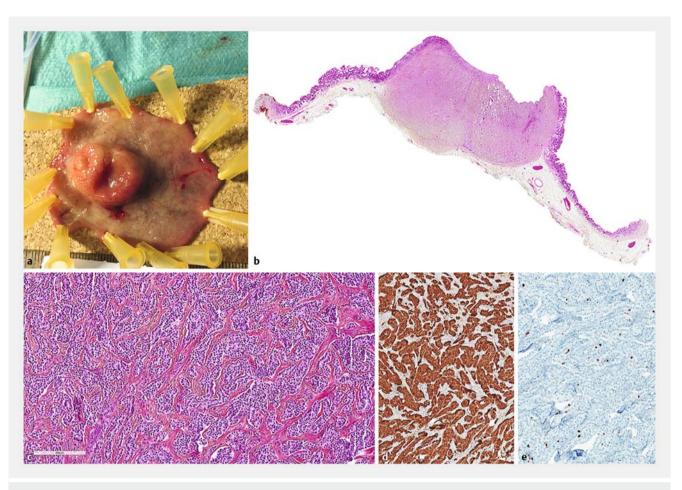


Fig.2 Pathology examination. **a** Endoscopic submucosal dissection specimen. **b** Macroscopic pathology examination. **c** Hematoxylin and eosin stain (×12 magnification). **d** Immunohistochemistry chromogranin A (×12 magnification). **e** Immunohistochemistry Ki 67 (×12 magnification).

This case illustrates the specific endoscopic aspect of gastric neuroendocrine tumors when ulcerated, and the ability to cure such tumors safely with ESD without always having to use full-thickness resection devices [5].

Endoscopy_UCTN_Code_CCL_1AB_2AD_3AB

Competing interests

None

The authors

Adrien Choné¹, Thomas Walter^{1,2}, Jérôme Rivory¹, Pierre-Marie Lavrut³, Julien Forestier^{1,2}, Jean-Christophe Saurin¹, Mathieu Pioche^{1,4}

- 1 Department of Endoscopy and Gastroenterology, Pavillon L, Edouard Herriot Hospital, Lyon, France
- 2 Digestive Oncology Division, Pavillon E, Edouard Herriot Hospital, Lyon, France
- 3 Digestive Pathology, Hospices Civils de Lyon, Lyon, France
- 4 Inserm U1032 LabTau, Lyon, France

Corresponding author

Mathieu Pioche, MD

Endoscopy Unit – Digestive Disease Department, Pavillon L – Edouard Herriot Hospital, 69437 Lyon Cedex, France Fax: +33-4-72110147 mathieu.pioche@chu-lyon.fr

References

- Rösch T, Lorenz R, Dittler HJ. [Endoscopic ultrasound in gastroenterologic tumors]. Fortschr Med 1991; 109: 553 – 558
- [2] Gheorghe A-V, Rimbas M, Ginghina O et al. An atypical type I gastric neuroendocrine tumor. Rom J Intern Med 2017; 55: 253 – 256
- [3] Kudo S, Rubio CA, Teixeira CR et al. Pit pattern in colorectal neoplasia: endoscopic magnifying view. Endoscopy 2001; 33: 367–373
- [4] Uraoka T, Saito Y, Ikematsu H et al. Sano's capillary pattern classification for narrowband imaging of early colorectal lesions. Dig Endosc 2011; 23 (Suppl. 01): 112 – 115

[5] Kappelle WFW, Backes Y, Valk GD et al. Endoscopic full-thickness resection of gastric and duodenal subepithelial lesions using a new, flat-based over-the-scope clip. Surg Endosc 2017. doi:10.1007/s00464-017-5989-8

Bibliography

DOI https://doi.org/10.1055/a-0606-4792 Published online: 7.6.2018 Endoscopy 2018; 50: E199–E201 © Georg Thieme Verlag KG Stuttgart - New York ISSN 0013-726X

ENDOSCOPY E-VIDEOS https://eref.thieme.de/e-videos



Endoscopy E-Videos is a free access online section, reporting on interesting cases and new

techniques in gastroenterological endoscopy. All papers include a high quality video and all contributions are freely accessible online.

This section has its own submission website at https://mc.manuscriptcentral.com/e-videos